## Peripheral Devices

## MODULE TEST

You may wish to review the exercises or audio-visual material before taking this module test. Once you begin the test, do not refer to the course materials.

There are eight questions.

1. Match each of these peripheral devices with its function.

Device	Function	
Peripheral		
Sequential Access		
Random Access	-	
On-Line		
Off-Line		

## **Functions**

- A device that operates by exchanging information with the mainframe.
- A device in which information can be read or written directly without scanning all information that comes before the desired area.
- c. A functional unit of a computer system that performs input, output, or auxiliary storage and is not part of the mainframe.
- d. A device that operates independently from the mainframe.
- e. A device in which information is read from or written onto the medium in an ordered line.

2.	Match each of these peripheral de-	vice parts with its function.
	Device Part	Function
	Medium	
	Drive Mechanism	
	Control Circuit	
	Functions	
	<ul><li>a. Oversees the transfer of data in</li><li>b. Physically moves the medium.</li><li>c. Physically holds information.</li></ul>	nto the computer mainframe.
3	Indicate whether each of the followices functions as an input (I), an output (B) device by writing the cor	output (O), or both an input an
	Device	Function(s)
	Magnetic Disk Unit	
	Paper Tape Reader	
	Data Communication Unit	
	Card Punch	
	Floppy Disk Unit	
	Analog to Digital Converters	
	Paper Tape Punch	
	Magnetic Tape Unit	
	Card Reader	

Tape Cartridge and Cassette

Each of the following statements describes or compares various machine-oriented I/O media. Indicate whether each statement is true
 (T) or false (F) by writing the correct letter in the space provided.

Statement	T or F
Magnetic tape is more expensive than magnetic disks.	
Both punched cards and floppy disks are low cost media.	
In general, magnetic disks can store twice as much as magnetic tapes.	
A deck of punched cards may be accessed either sequentially or directly.	
Disks are direct-access media.	
Punched cards and paper tape have the slowest access rate.	
Punched cards and paper tape are the only human-readable media.	
Magnetic tapes may be rewritten whereas magnetic disks cannot.	
Magnetic tapes require less storage space than punched tape.	
In general, tapes are sequential-access media.	

Six drawings of machine-oriented and people-oriented input/output devices and six device names are given below. Match each drawing with its corresponding device name by writing the correct letter in the space provided.

b.

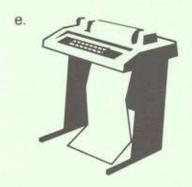
a.

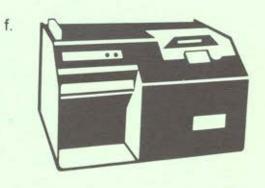
C.



c.







Device	Picture	
Line Printer		
Card Reader		
Display Terminal		
Disk Unit		
Paper Tape Reader/Punch		
Teleprinter		

Match the two media pictured below with the names of their corresponding devices.

a. b.

Paper Tape Reader/Punch	
Disk Unit	
Magnetic Tape Unit	

 Each of the following statements describes or compares peopleoriented I/O devices. Indicate whether each statement is true (T) or false (F) by writing the correct letter in the space provided.

Statement	T or F
Teleprinters and display terminals can both input and output.	
Teleprinters, display terminals, and line printers can operate either on-line or off-line.	
Line printers produce hard copy output whereas most display terminals do not.	
Teleprinters are faster and quieter in operation than display terminals.	
Teleprinters, display terminals, and line printers may input via keyboard.	_
In general, line printers and teleprinters can output at the same speed.	5
Most teleprinters can output either hard or soft copy.	

 The table below is concerned with auxiliary storage devices and their characteristics. Complete the table by writing the correct letters in the spaces provided.

Characteristic	Moving Head Disk	Fixed Head N Disk	lagnetic Tapes
Data Transfer Time			_
Storage Capacity	_	_	_
Cost per Bit	_		_
Data Transfer Time	Storage Capacity	Cost per Bit	
a Slowest b. Fastest c. Medium	d. Medium e. Least f. Most	g. High h. Lowest i. Medium	